

Your ref: DEC ID 7-3126-00070
Our ref: 12645193

04 September 2025

Trendon P. Choe
Department of Environmental Conservation
Division of Environmental Permits
5786 Widewaters Parkway
Syracuse, NY 13214-1867

RE: 7-3126-00070, Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc., 6223 Thompson Rd, Syracuse, NY, Onondaga County – Solid Waste Management – Permit Modification – CLCPA Comments – Response to CLCPA Comments Letter

Dear Trendon,

The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC)'s letter dated July 18, 2025 was reviewed, which contained comments regarding the 7(3) portions of the CLCPA analysis for the above referenced facility. The CLCPA analysis was submitted to the DEC on September 30, 2024.

An initial meeting was held with the DEC on July 30, 2025 to better understand and receive guidance on potential mitigation measures that can be implemented to reduce emissions in the disadvantaged communities as part of this permit modification.

A list of mitigation measures were considered and evaluated from a quantitative and quality standpoint. A subsequent meeting was held with the DEC on August 25, 2025 to review the mitigation measures and receive initial feedback. There were no significant concerns or questions. DEC requested that the presentation slides along with the revised CLCPA evaluation tables be submitted for review, which are provided as Attachment 1 and Attachment 2 respectively.

The proposed mitigation measures include:

1. **Load consolidation:** For every 3.3 vehicles coming into the site with recyclables, after the materials are managed at the site, approximately one larger vehicle leaves the site. As part of this expansion project, approximately 2.3 vehicles are reduced, which would otherwise be required to continue traveling to their regular destination. The resulting load consolidation is shown in the evaluation tables as a credit in emissions.
2. **Frequent vehicle upgrades:** As part of this expansion project, Syracuse Haulers will commit to upgrading their vehicle fleet more frequently than currently implemented. On average, they will upgrade their vehicles every six years instead of every ten years. This will result in lower emissions in the DAC due to higher fuel economy. The resulting vehicle upgrades is shown in the evaluation tables with an increased fuel economy in the modified mobile emissions from 2025 to 2050 and a lower fuel economy in the existing mobile emissions from 2025 to 2050.
3. **Alternative employee transportation:** Currently, there are 93 full-time employees at the site. As part of the expansion project, an additional 12 full-time employees will be employed at the site, primarily from the DAC. A program will be established to encourage all employees to use alternative modes of transportation, such as carpooling and public transportation, in an effort to reduce the use of individual vehicles on the roads in the DAC. The resulting reduction of indirect emissions from mobile sources is

shown in the evaluation tables through no net change/increase in mobile emissions by light duty vehicles from 2025 to 2050. This is a conservative estimate as the implementation of such a program has the potential to reduce emissions even further than existing.

4. **Electric vehicles:** Replacing two diesel vehicles with two electric vehicles in 2050 will be considered, provided the electric vehicle options are commercially available and proven in service at that time. The vehicle replacement is shown in the evaluation tables as a credit in emissions.
5. **Plant trees/shrubs:** A mitigation condition of the Site Plan Approval from the Town of Dewitt was required in the form of planting trees/shrubs. A zoning compliance letter was granted by the Town of Dewitt for this mitigation measure in July 2025. The landscaping plan includes a combination of 41 trees and shrubs to be planted along the east fence line boundary of the site. This is acceptable as a qualitative mitigation measure but is not considered a significant source of emission reduction.
6. **Compressed natural gas (CNG) vehicles:** The feasibility of replacing several diesel vehicles with CNG vehicles was evaluated. While the evaluation showed a net reduction in GHG emissions from converting one diesel vehicle to CNG to be approximately 15 tons of CO₂ emissions per year. The CO₂ emission factor for diesel fuel is 22.5 pounds per gallon of diesel combusted, and 16.2 pounds per gallon of CNG combusted, which is a 28% reduction as per the Emission Factors for Greenhouse Gas Inventories (last modified on January 15, 2025). It was determined that the additional costs associated with adding a third fuel source onsite (diesel, electric, and CNG), training required for employees, outweighed the net reduction in emissions. Thus, this mitigation measure is deemed unfeasible at this time.
7. **Purchase renewable electricity:** The National Grid GreenUp Program allows users to have all, or part of their electricity generated from renewable resources. This mitigation measure, or something equivalent to the GreenUp Program, will be implemented by 2030 and is shown in the evaluation tables as a credit in upstream emissions associated with off-site fossil fuel consumption.
8. **Install electric vehicle (EV) charging station:** the feasibility of installing EV charging stations onsite and offsite were considered from a qualitative standpoint. Due to the vehicle traffic onsite for facility operations and restricted site access due to facility operating hours (not open 24/7), it was determined that installing EV charging stations onsite would expose the facility to liability and safety concerns, and thus it is considered unfeasible at this time. In addition, installing EV charging stations offsite within the DAC (parking lot/garage, hotel, hospital, school, etc.) was deemed unfeasible for similar reasons at this time.
9. **Community solar farm:** The National Grid Community Solar Program allows users to subscribe to a share of a local solar farm, which may be installed on a property within the DAC. The feasibility of this mitigation measure, or something equivalent to the Solar Program, cannot be quantified at this time as a potential property has not been selected but will be considered at a later time to support options for clean energy projects in the local DAC.
10. **Onsite rooftop solar:** The feasibility of installing rooftop solar panels onsite will be considered in 2050. This is acceptable as a qualitative mitigation measure as it may not directly reduce emissions in the DAC.

In addition to the above proposed mitigation measures, the following revisions were made to the CLCPA analysis to better reflect current operations:

1. **Vehicles already upgraded:** Since the permit application was submitted, Syracuse Haulers has proactively upgraded some of their vehicles to 2024 and 2025 models in the last two years, which have higher fuel economy. In 2023, the average vehicle age was 2016 (excluding vehicles replaced in 2024 or 2025). Currently, the average vehicle age is 2020. The increased vehicle age is reflected in the different fuel economies used in the evaluation tables between existing and modified mobile emissions in 2025.
2. **Remove upstream emissions for electricity:** At the time of the CLCPA analysis in 2024, it was assumed that the upstream emissions associated with electricity consumption were required to be included in the analysis. However, from recent relevant experience, it is understood that the upstream

emissions from the use of electricity acquired from in-state sources is not required to be calculated. Thus, the related GHG emissions have been changed to zero.

3. **Adjust fuel consumption:** At the time of the CLCPA analysis in 2024, it was assumed that the fuel consumption would increase for all vehicles by a factor of 1.67 to account for the increase in processing capacity from increase 18,894 to 32,116 tons annually. However, after doing a deeper dive on the types of vehicles, their mileage and fuel consumption, it is now confirmed that the increase in fuel consumption is only anticipated for certain vehicle types (i.e., outgoing tractors to dump trailers intended for outbound material, and incoming roll-off trucks). The evaluation tables have been revised accordingly.
4. **Reduce facility heating:** At the time of the CLCPA analysis in 2024, it was assumed that the expanded building will be heated similar to the existing building, for which an additional two unit heaters would be required. However, it is now confirmed that there are no plans to heat the expanded area. The CLCPA evaluation tables have been revised to show no net increase in emissions associated with heaters.
5. **Update emissions factors:** The Emission Factors for Greenhouse Gas Inventories was last modified on January 15, 2025 in which several changes have been made since the 2023 version was used as part of the CLCPA analysis submission in 2024. For example, the 100-year global warming potential (GWP) of CH₄ has increased from 25 to 28 and N₂O has changed from 298 to 265. In addition, the Mobile Combustion CH₄ and N₂O for Non-Road Vehicles with respect to diesel and gasoline fuel sources have also increased from 2023 to 2025 (see Construction/Mining Equipment - Diesel Off-Road Trucks in Table 5 and Passenger Cars 2007-2022 in Table 4). These changes have been made in the evaluation tables accordingly.
6. **Update Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAP) emissions:** At the time of the CLCPA analysis in 2024, the 2023 version of the Alternative Fuel Life-Cycle Environmental and Economic Transportation (AFLEET) Tool was used to estimate HAP emissions. The evaluation tables have been updated to reflect the current 2024 AFLEET tool.

The DEC letter dated July 25, 2025 also requests that the CLCPA analysis must consider the delta in GHG and co-pollutants within the DAC before and after the proposed project. The table below demonstrates a net decrease in GHG emissions and minimal increase in co-pollutants (particulate matter [PM] and HAPs).

Year	Net Change in CO ₂ Equivalents (tons/year)	Net Change in HAPs (tons/year)	Net Change in PMs (tons/year)
2028 (Facility Modification)	-203	0.135 (270 lbs/year)	0.092 (184 lbs/year)
2030	-17.8	0.135 (270 lbs/year)	0.092 (184 lbs/year)
2050	-3.2	0.135 (270 lbs/year)	0.092 (184 lbs/year)

In addition, the letter requests for Table 2 – Summary of 2022 Air Monitoring Results – NYSDEC Region 7 from the CLCPA analysis to be revised to reflect changes made by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in February 2024 to the National Ambient Air Quality Standards (NAAQS), which sets the level of the primary annual PM_{2.5} standard at 9.0 micrograms (µg) per cubic meter (m³). The revised table is presented below for completion purposes.

Compound	Avg. Period	Station	2020 Result	Air Quality Standard	Percent of Standard
PM-2.5	24-hour	Syracuse	15.0 µg/m ³	35 µg/m ³	42.9 percent
PM-2.5	Annual	Syracuse	6.5 µg/m ³	12 µg/m ³	54.2 percent
PM-2.5	24-hour	Syracuse	11.9 µg/m ³	35 µg/m ³	34.0 percent
PM-2.5	Annual	Syracuse	5.2 µg/m ³	9 µg/m ³	57.8 percent
Ozone	8-hour	Syracuse	0.060 ppm	0.070 ppm	85.7 percent

Please let us know if you have any questions or comments.

Regards,

Steve Wilsey
Project Director
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Steven.Wilsey@ghd.com

Copy to: Brian Parker, Steve Perrigo – R7 SMM
Michael Wheeler – R7 DAR
Kerri Pickard-DePriest – DEC OEJ
Kerry McElroy, Megan Corcoran – R7 Communications
Scott Reed, Syracuse Haulers

Attachment 1



→ Steve Wilsey
Project Director

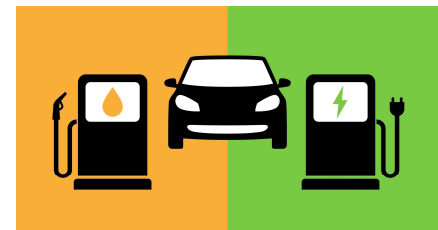
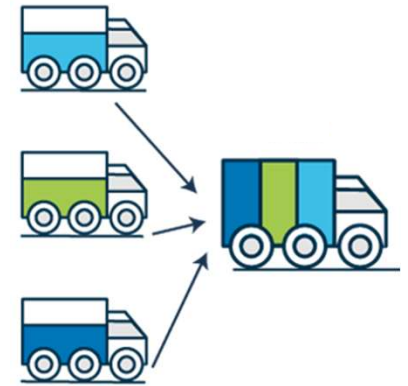
Syracuse Haulers CLCPA – Mitigation Measures

August 25, 2025

Welcome

Mitigation Measures

1. Load consolidation (3.3 incoming smaller trucks replaced with 1 outgoing larger truck).
2. Upgrade vehicles more frequently (every 6 years vs. 10 years on average).
3. Purchase renewable electricity in 2030 onwards (i.e., National Grid Community Solar Program).
4. Establish program to encourage carpooling / public transportation with facility staff in disadvantaged communities.
5. Replace 2 diesel vehicles with 2 electric vehicles in 2050, provided they are commercially available and proven in service.
6. Replace several diesel vehicles with CNG in 2050.
 - Evaluated but not feasible at this time.
7. Onsite tree/shrub planting as part of site plan approval
 - Acceptable as a qualitative mitigation measure but not a significant source of GHG reduction
8. Consider feasibility of contributing to community solar farm in 2050
 - TBD
9. Consider feasibility of placing solar panels onsite in 2050
 - TBD



Revised CLCPA

			Net Change in CO2 Equivalents	Net Change in HAPs	Net Change in PMs				Net Change in CO2 Equivalents	Net Change in HAPs	Net Change in PMs				Net Change in CO2 Equivalents	Net Change in HAPs	Net Change in PMs	
			-203.0	0.135	0.092				-17.8	0.135	0.092				-3.2	0.135	0.092	
Emission Source	Existing			Project (2028)			2030						2050					
	Existing Total CO2 Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO2 Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM	Existing Total CO2 Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO2 Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM	Existing Total CO2 Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO2 Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM
	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)
Upstream Emissions																		
Off-Site Fossil Fuel Consumption	1,884.2	---	---	1,730.3	---	---	1,884.2	---	---	1,414.1	---	---	1,884.2	---	---	1,414.1	---	---
Direct / Indirect Emissions																		
Mobile Emissions	5,089.0	0.4	0.6	5,040.0	0.6	0.7	4,478.5	0.4	0.6	4,930.7	0.6	0.7	3,683.4	0.4	0.6	4,150.2	0.6	0.7
Furnace	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0
Heaters	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0
Diesel Tank	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---
Existing Totals (TPY)	8,068	0.42	0.64	7,865	0.55	0.73	7,458	0.42	0.64	7,440	0.55	0.73	6,663	0.42	0.64	6,659	0.55	0.73
Existing Totals (lb/yr)	16,136,605.9	832.9	1,279.8	15,730,655.8	1,102.2	1,463.9	14,915,549.9	832.9	1,279.8	14,879,871.9	1,102.2	1,463.9	13,325,258.3	832.9	1,279.8	13,318,858.9	1,102.2	1,463.9
Emissions Reduction in GHG Due to Diversion																		
	Existing			Project (2028)			Existing (2030)			Project (2030)			Existing (2050)			Project (2050)		
	Existing Total CO2 Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO2 Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM	Existing Total CO2 Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO2 Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM	Existing Total CO2 Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO2 Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM
	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) †	(ton/year)	(ton/year)
Landfill Fugitive Emissions	381	0.00	0.01	2,170	0.02	0.04	2,376	0.03	0.04	3,208	0.04	0.06	6,425	0.07	0.12	10,070	0.11	0.18
Net Project Emissions	7,687	0.41	0.63	5,696	0.53	0.69	5,082	0.39	0.60	4,232	0.52	0.67	237	0.35	0.52	-3,410	0.44	0.55
Net Change from Existing				-1,991	0.11	0.06				-849	0.13	0.08				-3,648	0.09	0.03



*** Thank you**

→ ghd.com

Attachment 2

Table 1

CLCPA Assessment
 Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
 Haulers Facility, LLC
 Summary of Projected Actual Emissions

Emission Source	Existing			Project (2028)			2030						2050					
	Existing Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM	Existing Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM	Existing Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM
	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)
Upstream Emissions																		
Off-Site Fossil Fuel Consumption	1,884.2	---	---	1,730.3	---	---	1,884.2	---	---	1,414.1	---	---	1,884.2	---	---	1,414.1	---	---
Direct / Indirect Emissions																		
Mobile Emissions	5,089.0	0.4	0.6	5,040.0	0.6	0.7	4,478.5	0.4	0.6	4,930.7	0.6	0.7	3,683.4	0.4	0.6	4,150.2	0.6	0.7
Furnace	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0	709.8	---	0.0
Heaters	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0	385.3	---	0.0
Diesel Tank	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---	---	0.0	---
Existing Totals (TPY)	8,068	0.42	0.64	7,865	0.55	0.73	7,458	0.42	0.64	7,440	0.55	0.73	6,663	0.42	0.64	6,659	0.55	0.73
Existing Totals (lb/yr)	16,136,605.9	832.9	1,279.8	15,730,655.8	1,102.2	1,463.9	14,915,549.9	832.9	1,279.8	14,879,871.9	1,102.2	1,463.9	13,325,258.3	832.9	1,279.8	13,318,858.9	1,102.2	1,463.9
Emissions Reduction in GHG Due to Diversion	Existing			Project (2028)			Existing (2030)			Project (2030)			Existing (2050)			Project (2050)		
	Existing Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM	Existing Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM	Existing Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Existing HAPs	Existing PM	Mod. Total CO ₂ Equivalents	Mod. HAPs	Mod. PM
	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)	(ton/year) ¹	(ton/year)	(ton/year)
Landfill Fugitive Emissions	381	0.00	0.01	2,170	0.02	0.04	2,376	0.03	0.04	3,208	0.04	0.06	6,425	0.07	0.12	10,070	0.11	0.18
Net Project Emissions	7,687	0.41	0.63	5,696	0.53	0.69	5,082	0.39	0.60	4,232	0.52	0.67	237	0.35	0.52	-3,410	0.44	0.55
Net Change from Existing				-1,991	0.11	0.06				-849	0.13	0.08				-3,648	0.09	0.03

Notes:

¹ - Total greenhouse gas emissions are expressed as tons of carbon dioxide equivalents (tons CO₂ eq)

t - Trace

Table 2

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC
Existing Mobile Emissions

	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	
CO ₂ emissions (Diesel Fuel - Non-Road) ¹	22.5	0.002	0.001	lb / gallon of diesel combusted
CO ₂ emissions (Motor Gasoline - Non-Road) ¹	19.4	0.006	0.003	lb / gallon of gasoline combusted
CO ₂ emissions (Motor Gasoline - On-Road) ¹	19.4	0.002	0.011	lb / gallon of gasoline combusted

Annual (January 1 - December 31)

Direct Emissions From Non-Stationary Sources

Transport of Waste From Clients to Transfer Station (2025)

Equipment Needed	Activity	Annual Distance ² (miles)	Estimated Fuel Economy ³ (miles / gal)	Annual Fuel Consumption (gal / year)	Idling Factor ⁴ (%)	Annual Fuel Consumption (gal / year) (mmbtu / year)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons / year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons / year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Transport Home Waste to Transfer Station	2,136,042	6.7	318,812	0	318,812	3,586.1	0.32	0.20	3,667.2	0.2425	0.4615
Tractors Outgoing (600s)	Tractors to haul our dump trailers and other trailers mostly intended for	47,883	6.6	7,217	0	7,217	81.2	0.01	0.00	83.0	0.0023	0.0039
Roll-Off Trucks Incoming (400s)	Transport Home Waste to Transfer Station	338,122	6.7	50,466	0	50,466	569.0	0.05	0.03	580.5	0.0161	0.0272
Totals							4,237.3	0.4	0.2	4,330.7	0.2608	0.4926

Transport of Waste From Clients to Transfer Station (2030)

Equipment Needed	Activity	Annual Distance ² (miles)	Estimated Fuel Economy ³ (miles / gal)	Annual Fuel Consumption (gal / year)	Idling Factor ⁴ (%)	Annual Fuel Consumption (gal / year) (mmbtu / year)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons / year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons / year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Transport Waste to Transfer Station	2,136,042	8.0	265,735	0	265,735	2,990.7	0.27	0.16	3,056.7	0.06	0.10
Tractors Outgoing (600s)	Tractors to haul our dump trailers and other trailers mostly intended for	47,883	6.6	7,217	0	7,217	81.2	0.01	0.00	83.0	0.07	0.12
Roll-Off Trucks Incoming (400s)	Transport Home Waste to Transfer Station	338,122	6.7	50,466	0	50,466	569.0	0.05	0.03	580.5	0.06	0.12
Totals							3,639.9	0.3	0.2	3,720.2	0.2	0.3

Transport of Waste From Clients to Transfer Station (2050)

Equipment Needed	Activity	Annual Distance ² (miles)	Estimated Fuel Economy ³ (miles / gal)	Annual Fuel Consumption (gal / year)	Idling Factor ⁴ (%)	Annual Fuel Consumption (gal / year) (mmbtu / year)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons / year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons / year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Transport Waste to Transfer Station	2,136,042	8.4	254,291	0	254,291	2,861.9	0.26	0.16	2,925.0	0.06	0.10
Tractors Outgoing (600s)	Tractors to haul our dump trailers and other trailers mostly intended for	47,883	7.15	7,217	0	7,217	81.2	0.01	0.00	83.0	0.07	0.12
Roll-Off Trucks Incoming (400s)	Transport Home Waste to Transfer Station	338,122	7.15	47,290	0	47,290	532.2	0.05	0.03	544.0	0.06	0.12
Totals							3,475.4	0.3	0.2	3,552.0	0.2	0.3

Sorting, Baling, and C&D Processing

Equipment Needed	Activity	Daily Hours of Operation ⁵ (hours)	Weekly Hours of Operation ⁶ (hours)	Operating Weeks (weeks)	Fuel Consumption Per Unit ⁷ (gal / hr)	Daily Fuel Consumption (All Units) (gal / day)	Total Fuel Consumption (All Units) (gallons)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons/year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons/year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons/year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons/year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons/year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Loader	Sorting and Transferring of C&D Waste	5	30	52	6.20	31	9,668	108.8	0.01	0.01	111.2	0.0274	0.0193
Loader	Transfer and Loading into the Sorter	7	42	52	6.20	43	13,535	152.3	0.01	0.01	155.7	0.0536	0.0359
Loader	Transfer of Processed Materials to Baler	3	18	52	6.20	19	5,801	65.3	0.01	0.00	66.7	0.0099	0.0066
Forklift	Transfer of Bales to Storage Areas	3	18	52	1.00	3	936	10.5	0.00	0.00	10.8	0.0047	0.0019
Light-Duty Vehicle	Supervise operations	10	60	52	1.00	10	3,120	35.1	0.00	0.00	35.9	0.0264	0.0079
Totals								372.1	0.0	0.0	380.3	0.1218	0.0703

Indirect Emissions From Mobile Sources

Equipment Needed	Quantity of workers (# employees)	Operating Days per Week (days)	Total Operating Days ⁸ (days)	Average Distance to Site (miles)	Estimated Fuel Economy ⁹ (miles / gal)	Daily Fuel Consumption (All Units) (gal / day)	Annual Fuel Consumption (All Units) (gal / year)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons / year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons / year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Light Duty Vehicles	93	6	312	14.9	25.7	107.8	33,645	325.6	0.03	0.19	378.1	0.0339	0.0081
Totals								325.6	0.0	0.2	378.1	0.0339	0.0081
2025 Subtotal								4,935.0	0.4	0.4	5,089.0	0.4	0.6
2030 Subtotal								4,337.6	0.4	0.4	4,478.5	0.3	0.4
2050 Subtotal								3,559.6	0.3	0.4	3,683.4	0.2	0.2

Notes:

- CO₂, CH₄ and N₂O emission factors for diesel fuel and gasoline combustion referenced from <https://www.epa.gov/climateleadership/ghg-emission-factors-hub>
- Distance from customers to Syracuse Haulers Transfer Station is estimated as 100 miles
- Based on an engineering estimate and an analysis of past fuel usage by this equipment; average of loaded and unloaded conditions
- Idling factor added to account for wait time, where vehicle is immobile.
- A workday consists of one 12-hour shift; however, equipment is only operating for a total of 3 to 10 hours during a 12-hour shift
- Operating schedule is 6 days per week (12 hours/day Monday through Saturday)
- Based on an engineering estimate and an analysis of past fuel usage by this equipment; since no fuel usage data is available for on-site forklifts and light-duty trucks, an assumption of 1.0 gallons per hour of gasoline was utilized
- Total Operating Days = (6 days per week) x (52 weeks per year)
- For light-duty vehicles (cars, minivans, sport utility vehicles, and pickup trucks), USEPA projects average real-world fuel economy for Model Year 2020 to be 25.7 miles per gallon
- Annual Emissions = (Annual Fuel Consumption [gal/yr]) x (Emission Factor from note 1 [lb per gallon of fuel combusted])
- 20-yr GWP values assumed to calculate CO₂ equivalents: CO₂ = 1, CH₄ = 84, N₂O = 264.
- HAP emissions calculated using <https://afleet.es.anl.gov/afleet/>. Future HAP and PM emissions are expected to decrease over time, however AFLEET is not capable of estimating future vehicle make emissions.
- https://afdc.energy.gov/vehicles/electric_emissions.html
- https://afdc.energy.gov/files/publication/casestudy_cng_refuse_feb2014.pdf?1418a58254
- <https://www.energy.ca.gov/sites/default/files/2023-03/CEC-600-2023-010.pdf>
- Table VM-1 - Highway Statistics 2023 - Policy | Federal Highway Administration
- Table VM-1 - Highway Statistics 2021 - Policy | Federal Highway Administration
- Table VM-1 - Highway Statistics 2018 - Policy | Federal Highway Administration

Table 3
CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC
Modification Mobile Emissions

	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	
CO ₂ emissions (Diesel Fuel) ¹ =	22.5	0.002	0.001	lb / gallon of diesel combusted
CO ₂ emissions (Motor Gasoline) ¹ =	19.4	0.006	0.003	lb / gallon of gasoline combusted
CO ₂ emissions (Motor Gasoline - On-Road) ¹ =	19.4	0.002	0.011	lb / gallon of gasoline combusted
CO ₂ emissions (Compressed Natural Gas - CNG) ¹ =	16.2	0.001	0.000	lb / gallon of CNG combusted

Annual (January 1 - December 31)

Direct Emissions From Non-Stationary Sources

Transport of Waste From Homes to Transfer Station (2028)

Equipment Needed	Activity	Annual Distance ² (miles)	Estimated Fuel Economy ³ (miles / gal)	Annual Fuel Consumption ¹³ (gal / year)	Idling Factor ⁴ (%)	Annual Fuel Consumption (gal / year) (mmbtu / year)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons / year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons / year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Transport Waste to Transfer Station (2028)	2,136,042	8.0	265,735	0	265,735	2,990.7	0.27	0.16	3,056.7	0.2425	0.4615
Tractors Outgoing (600s)	Tractors to haul our dump trailers and other trailers mostly intended for outbound material)	81,391	6.6	12,267	0	12,267	138.1	0.01	0.01	141.1	0.0039	0.0066
Roll-Off Trucks Incoming (400s)	Consolidation in Outgoing Tractors	-231,512	9.4	-24,614	0	-24,614	-277.0	-0.02	-0.02	-283.1	-0.0110	-0.0187
Roll-Off Trucks Incoming (400s)	Transport Home Waste to Transfer Station (2028)	806,833	9.4	85,782	0	85,782	965.4	0.09	0.05	986.7	0.0383	0.0649
Totals							3,817.2	0.3	0.2	3,901.4	0.2737	0.5143

Transport of Waste From Homes to Transfer Station (2030)

Equipment Needed	Activity	Annual Distance ² (miles)	Estimated Fuel Economy ³ (miles / gal)	Annual Fuel Consumption ¹³ (gal / year)	Idling Factor ⁴ (%)	Annual Fuel Consumption (gal / year) (mmbtu / year)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons / year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons / year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Transport Waste to Transfer Station (2030)	2,136,042	8.3	257,354	0	257,354	2,896.4	0.26	0.16	2,960.3	0.2014	0.4239
Tractors Outgoing (600s)	Tractors to haul our dump trailers and other trailers mostly intended for outbound material)	81,391	7.3	11,150	0	11,150	125.5	0.01	0.01	128.2	0.0030	0.0045
Roll-Off Trucks Incoming (400s)	Consolidation of Outgoing Tractors	-231,512	9.4	-24,614	0	-24,614	-277.0	-0.02	-0.02	-283.1	-0.0086	-0.0126
Roll-Off Trucks Incoming (400s)	Transport Home Waste to Transfer Station (2030)	806,833	9.4	85,782	0	85,782	965.4	0.09	0.05	986.7	0.0299	0.0439
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Converting 5 of 200/300/500s vehicles to CNG	-187,372	8.0	-23,310	0	-23,310	-262.3	-0.02	-0.01	-268.1		
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Converting 5 of 200/300/500s vehicles to CNG	187,372	8.0	23,310	0	23,310	189.1	0.01	0.00	190.3		
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Converting 5 of 200/300/500s vehicles to Electric	-187,372	8.0	-23,310	0	-23,310	-262.3	-0.02	-0.01	-268.1		
Totals							3,710.3	0.3	0.2	3,792.1	0.2257	0.4597

Transport of Waste From Homes to Transfer Station (2050)

Equipment Needed	Activity	Annual Distance ² (miles)	Estimated Fuel Economy ³ (miles / gal)	Annual Fuel Consumption ¹³ (gal / year)	Idling Factor ⁴ (%)	Annual Fuel Consumption (gal / year) (mmbtu / year)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons / year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons / year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Transport Waste to Transfer Station (2050)	2,136,042	10.3	207,383	0	207,383	2,334.0	0.21	0.13	2,385.4	0.1686	0.4242
Tractors Outgoing (600s)	Tractors to haul our dump trailers and other trailers mostly intended for	81,391	10.3	7,902	0	7,902	88.9	0.01	0.00	90.9	0.0029	0.0042
Roll-Off Trucks Incoming (400s)	Consolidation of Outgoing Tractors	-231,512	10.3	-22,477	0	-22,477	-253.0	-0.02	-0.01	-258.5	-0.0081	-0.0120
Roll-Off Trucks Incoming (400s)	Transport Home Waste to Transfer Station (2050)	806,833	10.3	78,333	0	78,333	881.6	0.08	0.05	901.0	0.0283	0.0417
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Converting 5 of 200/300/500s vehicles to CNG	-187,372	7.9	-23,726	0	-23,726	-267.0	-0.02	-0.01	-272.9		
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Converting 5 of 200/300/500s vehicles to CNG	149,898	7.9	18,981	0	18,981	154.0	0.01	0.00	155.0		
Packer/Refuse Trucks	Converting 2 of 200/300/500s vehicles to Electric	-74,949	8.0	-9,324	0	-9,324	-104.9	-0.01	-0.01	-107.3	-0.0059	-0.0149
Totals							2,946.6	0.3	0.2	3,011.6	0.1858	0.4432

	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O	
CO ₂ emissions (Diesel Fuel) ¹ =	22.5	0.002	0.001	lb / gallon of diesel combusted
CO ₂ emissions (Motor Gasoline) ¹ =	19.4	0.006	0.003	lb / gallon of gasoline combusted
CO ₂ emissions (Motor Gasoline - On-Road) ¹ =	19.4	0.002	0.011	lb / gallon of gasoline combusted

Existing Sorting, Baling, and C&D Processing

Equipment Needed	Activity	Daily Hours of Operation ⁵ (hours)	Weekly Hours of Operation ⁶ (hours)	Operating Weeks (weeks)	Fuel Consumption Per Unit ⁷ (gal / hr)	Daily Fuel Consumption [All Units] (gal / day)	Total Fuel Consumption [All Units] (gallons)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons/year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons/year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons/year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons/year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons/year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Loader	Sorting and Transferring of C&D Waste	5	30	52	6.20	31	9,668	108.8	0.01	0.01	111.2	0.0274	0.0183
Loader	Transfer and Loading into the Sorter	7	42	52	6.20	43	13,535	152.3	0.01	0.01	155.7	0.0536	0.0358
Loader	Transfer of Processed Materials to Baler	3	18	52	6.20	19	5,801	65.3	0.01	0.00	66.7	0.0099	0.0066
Forklift	Transfer of Bales to Storage Areas	3	18	52	1.00	3	936	10.5	0.00	0.00	10.8	0.0047	0.0019
Light-Duty Vehicle	Supervise operations	10	60	52	1.00	10	3,120	35.1	0.00	0.00	35.9	0.0264	0.0079
Totals								372.1	0.0	0.0	380.3	0.1218	0.0703

Modification - Sorting, Baling, and C&D Processing

Equipment Needed	Activity	Daily Hours of Operation ⁵ (hours)	Weekly Hours of Operation ⁶ (hours)	Operating Weeks (weeks)	Fuel Consumption Per Unit ⁷ (gal / hr)	Daily Fuel Consumption [All Units] (gal / day)	Total Fuel Consumption [All Units] (gallons)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons/year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons/year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons/year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons/year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons/year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Loader	Sorting and Transferring of C&D Waste	5	30	52	6.20	31	9,668	108.8	0.01	0.01	111.2	0.0274	0.0183
Loader	Transfer and Loading into the Sorter	7	42	52	6.20	43	13,535	152.3	0.01	0.01	155.7	0.0536	0.0358
Loader	Transfer of Processed Materials to Baler	3	18	52	6.20	19	5,801	65.3	0.01	0.00	66.7	0.0099	0.0066
Forklift	Transfer of Bales to Storage Areas	3	18	52	1.00	3	936	10.5	0.00	0.00	10.8	0.0047	0.0019
Light-Duty Vehicle	Supervise operations	10	60	52	1.00	10	3,120	35.1	0.00	0.00	35.9	0.0264	0.0079
Totals								372.1	0.0	0.0	380.3	0.1218	0.0703

Indirect Emissions From Mobile Sources

Equipment Needed	Quantity of workers (# employees)	Operating Days per Week (days)	Total Operating Days ⁸ (days)	Average Distance to Site (miles)	Estimated Fuel Economy ⁹ (miles / gal)	Daily Fuel Consumption [All Units] (gal / day)	Annual Fuel Consumption [All Units] (gal / year)	Annual CO ₂ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual CH ₄ Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Annual N ₂ O Emissions ¹ (tons / year)	Total CO ₂ Equivalents ¹¹ (tons / year)	Total HAP Emissions ¹² (tons / year)	Total PM Emissions ¹² (tons / year)
Light Duty Vehicles	93	6	312	14.9	25.7	107.8	33,645	325.6	0.03	0.19	378.1	0.0339	0.0081
Totals								325.6	0.03	0.19	378.1	0.0339	0.0081
2028 Subtotal								4,886.9	0.4	0.4	5,040.0	0.6	0.7
2030 Subtotal								4,780.0	0.4	0.4	4,930.7	0.5	0.6
2050 Subtotal								4,016.4	0.4	0.4	4,150.2	0.5	0.6

Notes:

- CO₂, CH₄ and N₂O emission factors for diesel fuel and gasoline combustion referenced from <https://www.epa.gov/climateleadership/ghg-emission-factors-hub>
- Distance from customers to Syracuse Haulers Transfer Station is estimated as 100 miles
- Average Fuel Economy by Federal Highway Administration Highway Statistics 2023
- Idling factor added to account for wait time, where vehicle is immobile.
- A workday consists of one 12-hour shift; however, equipment is only operating for a total of 3 to 10 hours during a 12-hour shift
- Operating schedule is 6 days per week (12 hours/day Monday through Saturday)
- Based on an engineering estimate and an analysis of past fuel usage by this equipment; since no fuel usage data is available for on-site forklifts and light-duty trucks, an assumption of 1.0 gallons per hour of gasoline was utilized
- Total Operating Days = (6 days per week) x (52 weeks per year)
- For light-duty vehicles (cars, minivans, sport utility vehicles, and pickup trucks), USEPA projects average real-world fuel economy for Model Year 2020 to be 25.7 miles per gallon
- Annual Emissions = (Annual Fuel Consumption [gal/yr]) x (Emission Factor from note 1 [lb per gallon of fuel combusted])
- 20-yr GWP values assumed to calculate CO₂ equivalents: CO₂ = 1, CH₄ = 84, N₂O = 264.
- HAP emissions calculated using <https://afleet.es.anl.gov/afleet/>
- Annual fuel consumption estimated using current annual fuel use and percent thruput increase to 32,000 TPY.
- https://afdc.energy.gov/vehicles/electric_emissions.html
- https://afdc.energy.gov/files/u/publication/casestudy_cng_refuse_feb2014.pdf?f418a58254
- <https://www.energy.ca.gov/sites/default/files/2023-03/CEC-600-2023-010.pdf>
- [Table VM-1 - Highway Statistics 2023 - Policy | Federal Highway Administration](#)
- [Table VM-1 - Highway Statistics 2021 - Policy | Federal Highway Administration](#)
- [Table VM-1 - Highway Statistics 2018 - Policy | Federal Highway Administration](#)

Table 4

**CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC
Off-Site Fossil Fuel Consumption**

Existing Off-Site Fossil Fuel Consumption					
Energy	Amount Imported (MMBTU/yr) or (kWh)	Emission Factor (g / MMBTU) or (lb/kWh)	GHG Emissions (Off-Site Fossil Fuel Usage)		
			Emission	lb/year	tpy
Electricity Consumption	404,712	275	CO2e	245,004	123
Diesel	48,277	24,214	CO2e	2,577,104	1,289
Natural Gas	10,061	42,661	CO2e	946,216	473
Total CO2 Equ.				3,768,324	1,884

Modification Off-Site Fossil Fuel Consumption					
Energy	Amount Imported (MMBTU/yr) or (kWh)	Emission Factor (g / MMBTU) or (lb/kWh)	GHG Emissions (Off-Site Fossil Fuel Usage)		
			Emission	lb/year	tpy
Electricity Consumption	1,044,418	275	CO2e	632,269	0
Electricity Consumption	1,044,418	275	CO2e	632,269	-316
Diesel	45,530	24,214	CO2e	2,430,495	1,215
Natural Gas	10,952	42,661	CO2e	1,030,007	515
Total CO2 Equ.				4,725,040	1,414

Notes:

- The yearly electrical use for the facility is taken from meter readings provided by Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc. for the period of MONTH YEAR through MONTH YEAR. NYUP (NPCC Upstate NY) sources included Oil (0.5%), Gas (29.2%) and other Fossil Fuels (0.3%), while the remaining sources are a mixture of renewable sources.
<https://www.epa.gov/egrid/power-profiler#/NYUP>

Table 5

**CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC
Summary of Natural Gas Usage and Emissions**

Hours of Operation	3,360	Hours
Heat Content	1,000	Btu/scf
Amount of Natural Gas combusted in furnace in the office	11.760	MMscf

Emission Calculations:					
				Lbs/yr	Tons/yr
PM=	<u>7.60 lb. X</u> MMSCF	11.760000	MMSCF NG X	=	89.376 0.04469
SO_x=	<u>0.6 lb. X</u> MMSCF	11.760000	MMSCF NG X	=	7.056 0.00353
NO_x=	<u>94 lb. X</u> MMSCF	11.760000	MMSCF NG X	=	1105.440 0.55272
VOC =	<u>5.5 lb. X</u> MMSCF	11.760000	MMSCF NG X	=	64.680 0.03234
CO =	<u>40 lb. X</u> MMSCF	11.760000	MMSCF NG X	=	470.400 0.23520
CO₂ =	<u>120,000 lb. X</u> MMSCF	11.760000	MMSCF NG X	=	1,411,200.000 705.60000
CH₄ =	<u>2.3 lb. X</u> MMSCF	11.760000	MMSCF NG X	=	27.048 0.01352
N₂O =	<u>2.2 lb. X</u> MMSCF	11.760000	MMSCF NG X	=	25.872 0.01294

* Emissions factors from AP-42 7/98 Section 1.4

Table 6A - Existing

**CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC
Summary of Natural Gas Usage and Emissions**

Hours of Operation	3,360	Hours
Heat Content	1,000	Btu/scf
Average amount of Natural Gas combusted per Heater	0.709	MMscf/Heater
Number of Heaters	9	Heater
Amount of Natural Gas combusted in Heaters	6.384	MMscf

Emission Calculations:					
				Lbs/yr	Tons/yr
PM=	<u>7.60 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000 MMSCF NG X	=	48.518	0.02426
SO_x=	<u>0.6 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000 MMSCF NG X	=	3.830	0.00192
NO_x=	<u>100 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000 MMSCF NG X	=	638.400	0.31920
VOC =	<u>5.5 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000 MMSCF NG X	=	35.112	0.01756
CO =	<u>84 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000 MMSCF NG X	=	536.256	0.26813
CO₂ =	<u>120,000 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000 MMSCF NG X	=	766,080.000	383.04000
CH₄ =	<u>2.3 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000 MMSCF NG X	=	14.683	0.00734
N₂O =	<u>2.2 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000 MMSCF NG X	=	14.045	0.00702

* Emissions factors from AP-42 7/98 Section 1.4

Table 6B - Modification

**CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC
Summary of Natural Gas Usage and Emissions**

Hours of Operation	3,360	Hours
Heat Content	1,000	Btu/scf
Average amount of Natural Gas combusted per Heater	0.709	MMscf/Heater
Number of Heaters	9	Heater
Amount of Natural Gas combusted in Heaters	6.384	MMscf

Emission Calculations:						
					Lbs/yr	Tons/yr
PM=	<u>7.60 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000	MMSCF	NG X =	48.518	0.02426
SO_x=	<u>0.6 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000	MMSCF	NG X =	3.830	0.00192
NO_x=	<u>100 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000	MMSCF	NG X =	638.400	0.31920
VOC =	<u>5.5 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000	MMSCF	NG X =	35.112	0.01756
CO =	<u>84 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000	MMSCF	NG X =	536.256	0.26813
CO₂ =	<u>120,000 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000	MMSCF	NG X =	766,080.000	383.04000
CH₄ =	<u>2.3 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000	MMSCF	NG X =	14.683	0.00734
N₂O =	<u>2.2 lb. X</u> MMSCF	6.384000	MMSCF	NG X =	14.045	0.00702

* Emissions factors from AP-42 7/98 Section 1.4

Table 7

**Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC
TANKS 4.0.9d
Emissions Report - Detail Format
Tank Identification and Physical Characteristics**

Identification

User Identification Diesel Fuel Storage
City Syracuse
State New York
Company Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Type of Tank Horizontal Tank
Description Horizontal Tank

Tank Dimensions

Shell Length (ft) 28.00
Diameter (ft) 8.00
Volume (gal) 15,000
Turnovers 22.46
Net Throughput (gal/yr) 336,882
Is tank heated (y/n) N
Is tank underground (y/n) N

Paint Characteristics

Shell Color/Shade Blue/Blue
Shell Condition Good

Breather Vent Settings

Vacuum Settings (psig) -0.03
Pressure Settings (psig) 0.03

Meteorological Data used in Emissions Calculations: Syracuse, New York (Avg Atmospheric Pressure = 14.37 psia)

**Horizontal Tank
Syracuse, New York**

CALCULATED VALUES

Mixture/Component	Month	Daily Liquid Surf. Temperature (deg F)			Liquid Bulk Temp (deg F)	Vapor Pressure (psia)			Vapor Mol Weight g/mol	Liquid Mass Fraction	Vapor Mass Fraction	Mol Weight g/mol	Basis for Vapor Pressure Calculations
		Avg.	Min	Max		Avg.	Min	Max					
Distillate Fuel Oil #2	All	49.16	44.483175	53.831574	47.6	0.0044	0.0037	0.0053	130.0000	1	1	188.00	

Table 7

Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
 Haulers Facility, LLC
 TANKS 4.0.9d
 Emissions Report - Detail Format
 Tank Identification and Physical Characteristics

Horizontal Tank
 Rochester, New York

Annual Emission Calculations

AP-42 EQUATIONS

CALCULATIONS

Standing Losses (lb)

V_V = Vapor Space Volume (cu ft)
 W_V = Vapor Density (lb/cu ft)
 K_E = Vapor Space Expansion Factor
 K_S = Vented Vapor Saturation Factor

$$L_S = 365 V_V W_V K_E K_S$$

$L_S = 1.1192$ lbs
 $V_V = 896.4545$ cu ft
 $W_V = 0.0001$ lb / cu ft
 $K_E = 0.0327$
 $K_S = 0.9991$

Tank Vapor Space Volume

V_V = Vapor Space Volume (cu ft)
 D = Tank Diameter (ft)
 D_E = Effective Diameter (ft)
 H_{VO} = Vapor Space Outage (ft)
 H_s = Tank Shell Length (ft)

$$V_V = [(Pi/4) D_E^2] H_{VO}$$

$V_V = 896.4545$ cu ft

$$D_E = (L * D / (pi/4))^{1/2}$$

$D_E = 16.8923$ ft

$$H_{VO} = H_E / 2 \text{ for horizontal tank}$$

$H_{VO} = 4.0000$ ft

Vertical Tank: $H_{VO} = H_s - H_L + H_{RO}$

Vapor Density

W_V = Vapor Density (lb/cu ft)
 M_V = Vapor Molecular Weight
 Vapor Pressure at Daily Average
 Liquid Surface Temperature (psia)
 T_{LA} = Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp.
 (deg. R)
 T_{AA} = Daily Average Ambient Temp.
 (deg. F)
 Ideal Gas Constant R
 (psia cuft / (lb-mol-deg R))
 T_B = Liquid Bulk Temperature (deg. R)
 Tank Paint Solar Absorptance (Shell)
 I = Daily Total Solar Insulation
 Factor (Btu/sqft day)

$$W_V = M_V P_{VA} / R T_{LA}$$

$W_V = 0.0001$ lb / cu ft
 $M_V = 130.0000$ lb/lb-mole

0 deg F = 459.67 R

$$T_{LA} = 0.44 T_{AA} + 0.56 T_B + 0.0079 * \alpha * I$$

$T_{LA} = 508.8274$ R = 9.53 deg C

$$T_{AA} = T_{AX} + T_{AN} / 2$$

$T_{AA} = 47.5750$ deg F = 507.24 R

10.7310

$$T_B = T_{AA} + 6 \alpha - 1$$

$T_B = 507.264985$

0.17

1,169.910 Btu/sqft d

As per Table 7.1-6: White/White = .17
 $I_{AVG} = 1,165$ Btu/ft²-d as per sources mentioned
 on page 6-5 of TANKS user manual

Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

As per sources listed on page 6-5 of TANKS user manual:

<u>Vapor Space Expansion Factor</u>					
K_E = Vapor Space Expansion Factor	$K_E = [\Delta T_V/T_{LA}] + [(\Delta P_V - \Delta P_B)/(P_A - P_{VA})]$	$K_E =$	0.0327		$T_{AX} =$ 516.36167
ΔT_V = Daily Vapor Temperature Range (deg. R)	$\Delta T_V = 0.72(T_{AX} - T_{AN}) + 0.028 * \alpha * I$	$\Delta T_V =$	18.6968	R	$T_{AN} =$ 498.1283
ΔP_V = Daily Vapor Pressure Range (psia)		$\Delta P_V =$	0.0016	psia	
ΔP_B = Breather Vent Press. Setting Range (psia)		$\Delta P_B =$	0.06	psia	
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia)					
Vapor Pressure at Daily Minimum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia)					
Vapor Pressure at Daily Maximum Liquid Surface Temperature (psia)					
Daily Avg. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R)			508.8274	R	
Daily Min. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R)	$T_{LN} = T_{LA} - 0.25 \Delta T_V$	$T_{LN} =$	504.1531746	R	44.4831746
Daily Max. Liquid Surface Temp. (deg R)	$T_{LX} = T_{LA} + 0.25 \Delta T_V$	$T_{LX} =$	513.5016	R	53.8315736
ΔT_A = Daily Ambient Temp. Range (deg. R)		$\Delta T_A =$	18.2334	R	
<u>Vented Vapor Saturation Factor</u>					
Vented Vapor Saturation Factor	$K_S = 1/[1 + (.053 * P_{VA} * H_{VO})]$	$K_S =$	0.9991		
Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia)					
Vapor Space Outage (ft)					
<u>Working Losses (lb)</u>					
M_V = Vapor Molecular Weight	$L_W = 0.0010 M_V P_{VA} Q K_N K_P$	$L_W =$	4.5880	lbs	
P_{VA} = Vapor Pressure at Daily Average Liquid Surface Temperature (psia)		$M_V =$	130.0000	lb/lb-mole	Q = annual net throughput = tank capacity [bbl] * annual turnover rate, bbl/yr
Q = Annual Net Throughput (gal/yr)	1 bbl/yr = 42 US gal/yr				K_N = working loss turnover (saturation) factor, dimensionless; see Figure 7.1-18
Annual Turnovers			0.0044		for turnovers >36, $K_N = (180 + N)/6N$
K_N = Turnover Factor	$K_N = (180 + N)/6N$	Q =	8,021.00	bbl/yr	for turnovers <36, $K_N = 1$
Tank Diameter (ft)		N =	22.46		
Working Loss Product Factor		$K_N =$	1.00		K_P = working loss product factor, dimensionless
Total Losses (lb)		$K_P =$	1.00		for crude oils $K_P = 0.75$
		$L_T =$	5.7072	lbs	for all other organic liquids, $K_P = 1$

Emissions Report for: Annual

Horizontal Tank
Rochester, New York

CALCULATED VALUES

Losses (lbs)		
Working Loss	Breathing Loss	Total Emissions
4.59	1.12	5.71

Table 8

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of Landfill Gas Fugitive Emissions

Existing and Expansion Landfill Areas

Year	Total LFG Generated	Collection Efficiency	LFG to Collection System	Fugitive LFG	Fugitive LFG	Fugitive LFG	Fugitive NMOC Emissions	Fugitive VOC Emissions	Fugitive HAP Emissions	Fugitive CH ₄ Emissions	Oxidized CO ₂ Emissions	Fugitive Biogenic CO ₂ Emissions	Total Anthropogenic GHG Emissions
	(cfm)	(%)	(cfm)	(cfm)	(ft ³ /yr)	(m ³ /yr)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)	(TPY)
2024	4	75%	3	1	544,330	15,414	0.0	0.01	0.00	4.3	3.9	15.8	367
2028	24	75%	18	6	3,095,950	87,668	0.2	0.08	0.02	24.6	22.4	89.8	2,085
2030	35	75%	26	9	4,576,844	129,602	0.3	0.12	0.04	36.3	33.2	132.7	3,082
2050	109	75%	82	27	14,368,111	406,860	0.9	0.37	0.11	114.0	104.2	416.7	9,677

Notes:

Total landfill gas (LFG) Generated in average cubic feet per minute (cfm) from USEPA LandGEM Model run (version 3.02)

Collection efficiency of 75% assumed for gas collection system

LFG to Collection System = (Total LFG Generated) * (Collection Efficiency (%))

Fugitive LFG = (Total LFG Generated) * (100% - Collection Efficiency (%))

Fugitive LFG (ft³/yr) = (Fugitive LFG (cfm)) * (60 minutes per hour) * (8,760 hours per year)

Fugitive LFG (m³/yr) = (Fugitive LFG (ft³/yr)) / (35.3147 cubic feet per cubic meter)

NMOC concentration of 595 ppm referenced from USEPA AP-42, Chapter 2.4 (11/98)

$$\text{Conversion from NMOC in ppm to mg/m}^3 = \frac{595 \text{ ppm} \times 86.18 \text{ molecular wt}}{24.47} = 2,095.9 \text{ mg/m}^3$$

Fugitive NMOC Emissions (lb/yr) = [Fugitive LFG (m³/yr)] * [2,095.9 mg of NMOC per m³ of LFG] * [2.2046 x10⁻⁶ pounds per mg]

Fugitive NMOC Emissions (TPY) = (Fugitive NMOC Emissions (lb/yr)) / (2000 pounds per ton)

Fugitive VOC Emissions = Fugitive NMOC Emissions (tons/yr) * 39% (VOCs are 39% of total NMOC according to USEPA AP-42, Chapter 2.4 (11/98)

Total Fugitive HAP Emissions determined from sum of individual speciated HAPs (see Tables 10,13, 16, and 19)

Fugitive CH₄ emissions (TPY) = [Fugitive LFG (ft³/yr)] * [50% CH₄] * [0.0423 lb CH₄ / ft³ CH₄] * [75% oxidation factor] / [2,000 lb/ton]

Oxidized CO₂ emissions (TPY) = [Fugitive LFG (ft³/yr)] * [50% CH₄] * [0.116 lb CO₂ / ft³ CH₄] * [25% oxidized] / [2,000 lb/ton]

Fugitive Biogenic emissions (TPY) = { [Fugitive LFG (ft³/yr)] * [50% CO₂] * [0.116 lb CO₂ / ft³ CO₂] / [2,000 lb/ton] } + Oxidized CO₂ Emissions

Total Fugitive Anthropogenic GHG Emissions (tons CO₂ equivalents / year) = [Fugitive CH₄ Emissions (TPY)] * 84

Equations:

$$(\text{mg/m}^3) = \frac{(\text{ppm}) \times (\text{Molecular weight (g / mol)}) \times (1 \text{ atm})}{(298.15 \text{ K}) \times (0.08206 \text{ L}^* \text{atm/K}^* \text{mol})} \quad (\text{assuming standard conditions of 1 atmosphere and 25}^\circ \text{ Celsius})$$

$$(\text{lb/yr}) = (\text{Fugitive LFG Emission rate [m}^3/\text{year]}) \times (\text{mg/m}^3) \times (2.205 \times 10^{-6} \text{ [lb/mg]})$$

$$(\text{TPY}) = \frac{(\text{lb/yr})}{(2,000 \text{ lb/ton})}$$

Table 9

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of Flare GHG Emissions (2024)

LFG to Flares = 1.6 MMscf

	MMscf Combusted	Estimated Actual 2021 Emissions (TPY)					Anthropogenic GHG
		Oxidation CO ₂	Oxidation CH ₄	Oxidation N ₂ O	Escape CH ₄	Collected CO ₂	
Flares	2	46.9	0.0	0.0	0.2	47.4	14.9
	Total Emissions (TPY)	46.9	0.0	0.0	0.2	47.4	14.9
	Total Emissions (lb/yr)	9.37E+04	5.76E+00	1.13E+00	3.45E+02	9.47E+04	2.98E+04

Flare Combustion Factors

Pounds per MMScf

	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O
Flare	57,396.8	3.5	0.69

Notes:

- Oxidation CO₂ Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-1 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Oxidation CH₄ Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Oxidation N₂O Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Collected CO₂ Portion of collected LFG that already contains CO₂

Flare	Enclosed	
Heating value	500	Btu/scf
LFG CH ₄ Concentration	50	%
CH ₄ Density	0.0423	pounds per cubic foot (referenced from 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart HH)
CO ₂ concentration	50	%
CO ₂ density	0.116	pounds per cubic foot

Emission Factor Development

Flares - CH₄ Oxidation Emission Factors

	EF (kg/MMBtu)	GWP (20 year)
CO ₂	52.07	1
CH ₄	3.20E-03	84
N ₂ O	6.30E-04	264

Table 10

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of Fugitive HAP Emissions (2024)

Total LFG Generated = 4 cfm
LFG Collection Efficiency = 85%
Average LFG Collected = 4 cfm
Fugitive Emission Estimates = 1 cfm
Hours of Operation = 8,760

CAS #	LFG Constituent	Uncontrolled Emissions					
		Molecular Weight	Median ¹ ppmv	lb/hr	lb/yr	TPY	mg/m ³
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	133.41	0.48	0.000	0.05	0.00	2.62
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	167.85	1.11	0.000	0.16	0.00	7.62
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	98.97	2.35	0.000	0.19	0.00	9.51
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	96.94	0.20	0.000	0.02	0.00	0.79
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	98.96	0.41	0.000	0.03	0.00	1.66
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	112.99	0.18	0.000	0.02	0.00	0.83
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	53.06	6.33	0.000	0.28	0.00	13.73
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	76.13	0.58	0.000	0.04	0.00	1.80
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	153.84	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.03
463-58-1	Carbonyl sulfide	60.07	0.49	0.000	0.02	0.00	1.20
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	112.56	0.25	0.000	0.02	0.00	1.15
75-00-3	Chloroethane	64.52	1.25	0.000	0.07	0.00	3.30
67-66-3	Chloroform	119.39	0.03	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.15
74-87-3	Chloromethane ²	50.49	1.21	0.000	0.05	0.00	2.50
106-46-7	Dichlorobenzene	147.00	0.21	0.000	0.03	0.00	1.26
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	84.94	14.30	0.000	1.01	0.00	49.65
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	106.16	4.61	0.000	0.41	0.00	20.00
106-93-4	Ethylene dibromide ²	187.88	0.001	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.01
110-54-3	Hexane	86.18	6.57	0.000	0.47	0.00	23.14
7439-97-6	Mercury	200.61	0.000292	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	100.16	1.87	0.000	0.16	0.00	7.66
127-18-4	Perchloroethylene	165.83	3.73	0.000	0.52	0.00	25.28
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	131.40	2.82	0.000	0.31	0.00	15.15
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	62.50	7.34	0.000	0.38	0.00	18.75
1330-20-7	Xylene	106.16	12.10	0.000	1.07	0.00	52.50
71-43-2	Benzene ³	78.11	1.91	0.000	0.12	0.00	6.10
108-88-3	Toluene ³	92.13	39.30	0.000	3.02	0.00	147.99
Total HAPs						0.00	

Notes:

- ¹ Concentration of individual HAPs were taken from AP-42, Chapter 2.4, 11/98
- ² Not designated as a HAP in Chapter 2.4 of AP-42 (11/98), but is listed in the USEPA National Emission Inventory (NEI) database
- ³ Used 'No or unknown co-disposal' concentration

Equations:

$$(\text{mg}/\text{m}^3) = \frac{(\text{Molecular weight}) \times (1 \text{ atm}) \times (\text{Median ppmv})}{(298.15 \text{ K}) \times (0.08206 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm}/\text{K} \cdot \text{mol})}$$

$$(\text{lb}/\text{hr}) = \frac{(\text{mg}/\text{m}^3) \times (2.205 \times 10^{-6} \text{ [lb/mg]}) \times (\text{Fugitive LFG Emission rate [ft}^3/\text{min]}) \times (60 \text{ min/hr})}{(35.3147 \text{ ft}^3/\text{m}^3)}$$

$$(\text{lb}/\text{yr}) = (\text{lb}/\text{hr}) \times (8,760 \text{ hours/yr})$$

$$(\text{TPY}) = \frac{(\text{lb}/\text{yr})}{(2,000 \text{ lb/ton})}$$

Table 11

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of LFG Flare Emissions (2024)

Total LFG to Flares in 2021 = 1.63E+06 ft³
Average flow = 3.1 cfm

Flare Type	LFG Combusted MMscf	Estimated Actual Emissions for 2021 (TPY)					
		PM	NMOC	CO	NO _x	SO ₂	VOC
Open	1.63	0.01	0.01	0.13	0.03	0.01	0.00
Total Emissions (TPY)		0.01	0.01	0.13	0.03	0.01	0.00
Total Emissions (lb/yr)		13.88	17.24	253.11	55.52	12.52	6.72

Flare Emission Factors

	Pounds per Million Standard Cubic Feet				
	PM	NMOC	CO	NO _x	SO ₂
Open Flare	8.50	10.55	155.0	34.0	7.67

Emission Factor Development

Open Flare

- based on AP-42, Section 13.5

CO: 0.31 lb/MMBtu
NO_x: 0.068 lb/MMBtu

LFG Data:

NMOC: 2400 ppm
TRS: 46.9 ppm
CH₄: 50.0% of total LFG
VOC: 39.0% of NMOC
DE (of NMOC) 98.0 %

Notes:

PM 17 lb/10⁶ dscf methane per AP-42, section 2.4 (8/24)
NMOC Based on 2,400 ppm per AP-42, section 2.4 (8/24), and 98% destruction eff
CO Based on AP-42, Section 13.5 (02/2018)
NO_x Based on AP-42, Section 13.5 (02/2018)
SO₂ 46.9 ppm TRS concentration and 0% destruction efficiency, AP-42, section :
VOC 39% of NMOC per AP-42, section 2.4 (11/98)
Heat Value 500 Btu/scf

Table 12

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of Flare GHG Emissions (2028)

LFG to Flares = 9.3 MMscf

	MMscf Combusted	Estimated Actual 2021 Emissions (TPY)					Anthropogenic GHG
		Oxidation CO ₂	Oxidation CH ₄	Oxidation N ₂ O	Escape CH ₄	Collected CO ₂	
Flares	9	266.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	269.3	84.7
	Total Emissions (TPY)	266.5	0.0	0.0	1.0	269.3	84.7
	Total Emissions (lb/yr)	5.33E+05	3.28E+01	6.45E+00	1.96E+03	5.39E+05	1.69E+05

Flare Combustion Factors

Pounds per MMScf

	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O
Flare	57,396.8	3.5	0.69

Notes:

- Oxidation CO₂ Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-1 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Oxidation CH₄ Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Oxidation N₂O Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Collected CO₂ Portion of collected LFG that already contains CO₂

Flare	Enclosed	
Heating value	500	Btu/scf
LFG CH ₄ Concentration	50	%
CH ₄ Density	0.0423	pounds per cubic foot (referenced from 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart HH)
CO ₂ concentration	50	%
CO ₂ density	0.116	pounds per cubic foot

Emission Factor Development

Flares - CH₄ Oxidation Emission Factors

	EF (kg/MMBtu)	GWP (20 year)
CO ₂	52.07	1
CH ₄	3.20E-03	84
N ₂ O	6.30E-04	264

Table 13

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of Fugitive HAP Emissions (2028)

Total LFG Generated =	24 cfm
LFG Collection Efficiency =	85%
Average LFG Collected =	20 cfm
Fugitive Emission Estimates =	4 cfm
Hours of Operation =	8,760

CAS #	LFG Constituent	Uncontrolled Emissions					
		Molecular Weight	Median ¹ ppmv	lb/hr	lb/yr	TPY	mg/m ³
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	133.41	0.48	0.000	0.30	0.00	2.62
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	167.85	1.11	0.000	0.88	0.00	7.62
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	98.97	2.35	0.000	1.10	0.00	9.51
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	96.94	0.20	0.000	0.09	0.00	0.79
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	98.96	0.41	0.000	0.19	0.00	1.66
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	112.99	0.18	0.000	0.10	0.00	0.83
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	53.06	6.33	0.000	1.59	0.00	13.73
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	76.13	0.58	0.000	0.21	0.00	1.80
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	153.84	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.03
463-58-1	Carbonyl sulfide	60.07	0.49	0.000	0.14	0.00	1.20
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	112.56	0.25	0.000	0.13	0.00	1.15
75-00-3	Chloroethane	64.52	1.25	0.000	0.38	0.00	3.30
67-66-3	Chloroform	119.39	0.03	0.000	0.02	0.00	0.15
74-87-3	Chloromethane ²	50.49	1.21	0.000	0.29	0.00	2.50
106-46-7	Dichlorobenzene	147.00	0.21	0.000	0.15	0.00	1.26
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	84.94	14.30	0.001	5.76	0.00	49.65
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	106.16	4.61	0.000	2.32	0.00	20.00
106-93-4	Ethylene dibromide ²	187.88	0.001	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.01
110-54-3	Hexane	86.18	6.57	0.000	2.68	0.00	23.14
7439-97-6	Mercury	200.61	0.000292	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	100.16	1.87	0.000	0.89	0.00	7.66
127-18-4	Perchloroethylene	165.83	3.73	0.000	2.93	0.00	25.28
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	131.40	2.82	0.000	1.76	0.00	15.15
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	62.50	7.34	0.000	2.17	0.00	18.75
1330-20-7	Xylene	106.16	12.10	0.001	6.09	0.00	52.50
71-43-2	Benzene ³	78.11	1.91	0.000	0.71	0.00	6.10
108-88-3	Toluene ³	92.13	39.30	0.002	17.16	0.01	147.99
Total HAPs						0.02	

Notes:

- ¹ Concentration of individual HAPs were taken from AP-42, Chapter 2.4, 11/98
- ² Not designated as a HAP in Chapter 2.4 of AP-42 (11/98), but is listed in the USEPA National Emission Inventory (NEI) database
- ³ Used 'No or unknown co-disposal' concentration

Equations:

$$(\text{mg}/\text{m}^3) = \frac{(\text{Molecular weight}) \times (1 \text{ atm}) \times (\text{Median ppmv})}{(298.15 \text{ K}) \times (0.08206 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm}/\text{K} \cdot \text{mol})}$$

$$(\text{lb}/\text{hr}) = \frac{(\text{mg}/\text{m}^3) \times (2.205 \times 10^{-6} \text{ [lb/mg]}) \times (\text{Fugitive LFG Emission rate [ft}^3/\text{min]}) \times (60 \text{ min/hr})}{(35.3147 \text{ ft}^3/\text{m}^3)}$$

$$(\text{lb}/\text{yr}) = (\text{lb}/\text{hr}) \times (8,760 \text{ hours/yr})$$

$$(\text{TPY}) = \frac{(\text{lb}/\text{yr})}{(2,000 \text{ lb/ton})}$$

Table 14

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of LFG Flare Emissions (2028)

Total LFG to Flares in 2021 = 9.29E+06 ft³
Average flow = 17.7 cfm

Flare Type	LFG Combusted MMscf	Estimated Actual Emissions for 2021 (TPY)					
		PM	NMOC	CO	NO _x	SO ₂	VOC
Open	9.29	0.04	0.05	0.72	0.16	0.04	0.02
Total Emissions (TPY)		0.04	0.05	0.72	0.16	0.04	0.02
Total Emissions (lb/yr)		78.95	98.03	1,439.62	315.79	71.20	38.23

Flare Emission Factors

	Pounds per Million Standard Cubic Feet				
	PM	NMOC	CO	NO _x	SO ₂
Open Flare	8.50	10.55	155.0	34.0	7.67

Emission Factor Development

Notes:

PM 17 lb/10⁶ dscf methane per AP-42, section 2.4 (8/24)
 NMOC Based on 2,400 ppm per AP-42, section 2.4 (8/24), and 98% destruction eff
 CO Based on AP-42, Section 13.5 (02/2018)
 NO_x Based on AP-42, Section 13.5 (02/2018)
 SO₂ 46.9 ppm TRS concentration and 0% destruction efficiency, AP-42, section :
 VOC 39% of NMOC per AP-42, section 2.4 (11/98)
 Heat Value 500 Btu/scf

Open Flare

- based on AP-42, Section 13.5
 CO: 0.31 lb/MMBtu
 NO_x: 0.068 lb/MMBtu

LFG Data:

NMOC: 2400 ppm
 TRS: 46.9 ppm
 CH₄: 50.0% of total LFG
 VOC: 39.0% of NMOC
 DE (of NMOC) 98.0 %

Table 15

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of Flare GHG Emissions (2030)

LFG to Flares = 13.7 MMscf

	MMscf Combusted	Estimated Actual 2021 Emissions (TPY)					Anthropogenic GHG
		Oxidation CO ₂	Oxidation CH ₄	Oxidation N ₂ O	Escape CH ₄	Collected CO ₂	
Flares	14	394.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	398.2	125.3
Total Emissions (TPY)		394.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	398.2	125.3
Total Emissions (lb/yr)		7.88E+05	4.84E+01	9.54E+00	2.90E+03	7.96E+05	2.51E+05

Flare Combustion Factors

Pounds per MMScf

	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O
Flare	57,396.8	3.5	0.69

Notes:

- Oxidation CO₂ Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-1 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Oxidation CH₄ Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Oxidation N₂O Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Collected CO₂ Portion of collected LFG that already contains CO₂

Flare	Enclosed	
Heating value	500	Btu/scf
LFG CH ₄ Concentration	50	%
CH ₄ Density	0.0423	pounds per cubic foot (referenced from 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart HH)
CO ₂ concentration	50	%
CO ₂ density	0.116	pounds per cubic foot

Emission Factor Development

Flares - CH₄ Oxidation Emission Factors

	EF (kg/MMBtu)	GWP (20 year)
CO ₂	52.07	1
CH ₄	3.20E-03	84
N ₂ O	6.30E-04	264

Table 16

**CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC**

Summary of Fugitive HAP Emissions (2030)

Total LFG Generated = 35 cfm
 LFG Collection Efficiency = 85%
 Average LFG Collected = 30 cfm
 Fugitive Emission Estimates = 5 cfm
 Hours of Operation = 8,760

CAS #	LFG Constituent	Uncontrolled Emissions					
		Molecular Weight	Median ¹ ppmv	lb/hr	lb/yr	TPY	mg/m ³
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	133.41	0.48	0.000	0.45	0.00	2.62
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	167.85	1.11	0.000	1.31	0.00	7.62
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	98.97	2.35	0.000	1.63	0.00	9.51
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	96.94	0.20	0.000	0.14	0.00	0.79
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	98.96	0.41	0.000	0.28	0.00	1.66
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	112.99	0.18	0.000	0.14	0.00	0.83
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	53.06	6.33	0.000	2.35	0.00	13.73
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	76.13	0.58	0.000	0.31	0.00	1.80
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	153.84	0.00	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.03
463-58-1	Carbonyl sulfide	60.07	0.49	0.000	0.21	0.00	1.20
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	112.56	0.25	0.000	0.20	0.00	1.15
75-00-3	Chloroethane	64.52	1.25	0.000	0.57	0.00	3.30
67-66-3	Chloroform	119.39	0.03	0.000	0.03	0.00	0.15
74-87-3	Chloromethane ²	50.49	1.21	0.000	0.43	0.00	2.50
106-46-7	Dichlorobenzene	147.00	0.21	0.000	0.22	0.00	1.26
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	84.94	14.30	0.001	8.51	0.00	49.65
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	106.16	4.61	0.000	3.43	0.00	20.00
106-93-4	Ethylene dibromide ²	187.88	0.001	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.01
110-54-3	Hexane	86.18	6.57	0.000	3.97	0.00	23.14
7439-97-6	Mercury	200.61	0.000292	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	100.16	1.87	0.000	1.31	0.00	7.66
127-18-4	Perchloroethylene	165.83	3.73	0.000	4.33	0.00	25.28
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	131.40	2.82	0.000	2.60	0.00	15.15
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	62.50	7.34	0.000	3.21	0.00	18.75
1330-20-7	Xylene	106.16	12.10	0.001	9.00	0.00	52.50
71-43-2	Benzene ³	78.11	1.91	0.000	1.05	0.00	6.10
108-88-3	Toluene ³	92.13	39.30	0.003	25.37	0.01	147.99
Total HAPs						0.04	

Notes:

- ¹ Concentration of individual HAPs were taken from AP-42, Chapter 2.4, 11/98
- ² Not designated as a HAP in Chapter 2.4 of AP-42 (11/98), but is listed in the USEPA National Emission Inventory (NEI) database
- ³ Used 'No or unknown co-disposal' concentration

Equations:

$$(\text{mg}/\text{m}^3) = \frac{(\text{Molecular weight}) \times (1 \text{ atm}) \times (\text{Median ppmv})}{(298.15 \text{ K}) \times (0.08206 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm}/\text{K} \cdot \text{mol})}$$

$$(\text{lb}/\text{hr}) = \frac{(\text{mg}/\text{m}^3) \times (2.205 \times 10^{-6} \text{ [lb/mg]}) \times (\text{Fugitive LFG Emission rate [ft}^3/\text{min]}) \times (60 \text{ min/hr})}{(35.3147 \text{ ft}^3/\text{m}^3)}$$

$$(\text{lb}/\text{yr}) = (\text{lb}/\text{hr}) \times (8,760 \text{ hours/yr})$$

$$(\text{TPY}) = \frac{(\text{lb}/\text{yr})}{(2,000 \text{ lb/ton})}$$

Table 17

CLCPA Assessment
 Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
 Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of LFG Flare Emissions (2030)

Total LFG to Flares in 2021 = 1.37E+07 ft³
 Average flow = 26.1 cfm

Flare Type	LFG Combusted MMscf	Estimated Actual Emissions for 2021 (TPY)					
		PM	NMOC	CO	NO _x	SO ₂	VOC
Open	13.73	0.06	0.07	1.06	0.23	0.05	0.03
Total Emissions (TPY)		0.06	0.07	1.06	0.23	0.05	0.03
Total Emissions (lb/yr)		116.71	144.93	2,128.23	466.84	105.26	56.52

Flare Emission Factors

	Pounds per Million Standard Cubic Feet				
	PM	NMOC	CO	NO _x	SO ₂
Open Flare	8.50	10.55	155.0	34.0	7.67

Emission Factor Development

Open Flare

- based on AP-42, Section 13.5

CO: 0.31 lb/MMBtu

NO_x: 0.068 lb/MMBtu

LFG Data:

NMOC: 2400 ppm

TRS: 46.9 ppm

CH₄: 50.0% of total LFG

VOC: 39.0% of NMOC

DE (of NMOC) 98.0 %

Notes:

PM 17 lb/10⁶ dscf methane per AP-42, section 2.4 (8/24)

NMOC Based on 2,400 ppm per AP-42, section 2.4 (8/24), and 98% destruction eff

CO Based on AP-42, Section 13.5 (02/2018)

NO_x Based on AP-42, Section 13.5 (02/2018)

SO₂ 46.9 ppm TRS concentration and 0% destruction efficiency, AP-42, section :

VOC 39% of NMOC per AP-42, section 2.4 (11/98)

Heat Value 500 Btu/scf

Table 18

CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC

Summary of Flare GHG Emissions (2050)

LFG to Flares = 43.1 MMscf

	MMscf Combusted	Estimated Actual 2021 Emissions (TPY)					Anthropogenic GHG
		Oxidation CO ₂	Oxidation CH ₄	Oxidation N ₂ O	Escape CH ₄	Collected CO ₂	
Flares	43	1,237.0	0.1	0.0	4.6	1,250.0	393.2
	Total Emissions (TPY)	1,237.0	0.1	0.0	4.6	1,250.0	393.2
	Total Emissions (lb/yr)	2.47E+06	1.52E+02	2.99E+01	9.12E+03	2.50E+06	7.86E+05

Flare Combustion Factors

Pounds per MMScf

	CO ₂	CH ₄	N ₂ O
Flare	57,396.8	3.5	0.69

Notes:

- Oxidation CO₂ Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-1 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Oxidation CH₄ Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Oxidation N₂O Combustion emission factor referenced from Table C-2 of 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart C
- Collected CO₂ Portion of collected LFG that already contains CO₂

Flare	Enclosed	
Heating value	500	Btu/scf
LFG CH ₄ Concentration	50	%
CH ₄ Density	0.0423	pounds per cubic foot (referenced from 40 CFR Part 98, Subpart HH)
CO ₂ concentration	50	%
CO ₂ density	0.116	pounds per cubic foot

Emission Factor Development

Flares - CH₄ Oxidation Emission Factors

	EF (kg/MMBtu)	GWP (20 year)
CO ₂	52.07	1
CH ₄	3.20E-03	84
N ₂ O	6.30E-04	264

Table 19

**CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC**

Summary of Fugitive HAP Emissions (2050)

Total LFG Generated = 109 cfm
 LFG Collection Efficiency = 85%
 Average LFG Collected = 93 cfm
 Fugitive Emission Estimates = 16 cfm
 Hours of Operation = 8,760

CAS #	LFG Constituent	Molecular Weight	Median ¹ ppmv	Uncontrolled Emissions			
				lb/hr	lb/yr	TPY	mg/m ³
71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	133.41	0.48	0.000	1.41	0.00	2.62
79-34-5	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	167.85	1.11	0.000	4.10	0.00	7.62
75-34-3	1,1-Dichloroethane	98.97	2.35	0.001	5.12	0.00	9.51
75-35-4	1,1-Dichloroethene	96.94	0.20	0.000	0.43	0.00	0.79
107-06-2	1,2-Dichloroethane	98.96	0.41	0.000	0.89	0.00	1.66
78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	112.99	0.18	0.000	0.45	0.00	0.83
107-13-1	Acrylonitrile	53.06	6.33	0.001	7.39	0.00	13.73
75-15-0	Carbon disulfide	76.13	0.58	0.000	0.97	0.00	1.80
56-23-5	Carbon tetrachloride	153.84	0.00	0.000	0.01	0.00	0.03
463-58-1	Carbonyl sulfide	60.07	0.49	0.000	0.65	0.00	1.20
108-90-7	Chlorobenzene	112.56	0.25	0.000	0.62	0.00	1.15
75-00-3	Chloroethane	64.52	1.25	0.000	1.77	0.00	3.30
67-66-3	Chloroform	119.39	0.03	0.000	0.08	0.00	0.15
74-87-3	Chloromethane ²	50.49	1.21	0.000	1.34	0.00	2.50
106-46-7	Dichlorobenzene	147.00	0.21	0.000	0.68	0.00	1.26
75-09-2	Dichloromethane	84.94	14.30	0.003	26.72	0.01	49.65
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	106.16	4.61	0.001	10.77	0.01	20.00
106-93-4	Ethylene dibromide ²	187.88	0.001	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.01
110-54-3	Hexane	86.18	6.57	0.001	12.46	0.01	23.14
7439-97-6	Mercury	200.61	0.000292	0.000	0.00	0.00	0.00
108-10-1	Methyl isobutyl ketone	100.16	1.87	0.000	4.12	0.00	7.66
127-18-4	Perchloroethylene	165.83	3.73	0.002	13.61	0.01	25.28
79-01-6	Trichloroethene	131.40	2.82	0.001	8.15	0.00	15.15
75-01-4	Vinyl chloride	62.50	7.34	0.001	10.09	0.01	18.75
1330-20-7	Xylene	106.16	12.10	0.003	28.26	0.01	52.50
71-43-2	Benzene ³	78.11	1.91	0.000	3.28	0.00	6.10
108-88-3	Toluene ³	92.13	39.30	0.009	79.65	0.04	147.99
Total HAPs						0.11	

Notes:

- ¹ Concentration of individual HAPs were taken from AP-42, Chapter 2.4, 11/98
- ² Not designated as a HAP in Chapter 2.4 of AP-42 (11/98), but is listed in the USEPA National Emission Inventory (NEI) database
- ³ Used 'No or unknown co-disposal' concentration

Equations:

$$(\text{mg}/\text{m}^3) = \frac{(\text{Molecular weight}) \times (1 \text{ atm}) \times (\text{Median ppmv})}{(298.15 \text{ K}) \times (0.08206 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm}/\text{K} \cdot \text{mol})}$$

$$(\text{lb}/\text{hr}) = \frac{(\text{mg}/\text{m}^3) \times (2.205 \times 10^{-6} \text{ [lb/mg]}) \times (\text{Fugitive LFG Emission rate [ft}^3/\text{min]}) \times (60 \text{ min/hr})}{(35.3147 \text{ ft}^3/\text{m}^3)}$$

$$(\text{lb}/\text{yr}) = (\text{lb}/\text{hr}) \times (8,760 \text{ hours/yr})$$

$$(\text{TPY}) = \frac{(\text{lb}/\text{yr})}{(2,000 \text{ lb/ton})}$$

Table 20

**CLCPA Assessment
Syracuse Haulers Waste Removal Inc.
Haulers Facility, LLC**

Summary of LFG Flare Emissions (2050)

Total LFG to Flares in 2021 = 4.31E+07 ft³
Average flow = 82.0 cfm

Flare Type	LFG Combusted MMscf	Estimated Actual Emissions for 2021 (TPY)					
		PM	NMOC	CO	NO _x	SO ₂	VOC
Open	43.10	0.18	0.23	3.34	0.73	0.17	0.09
Total Emissions (TPY)		0.18	0.23	3.34	0.73	0.17	0.09
Total Emissions (lb/yr)		366.39	454.96	6,681.17	1,465.55	330.44	177.44

Flare Emission Factors

	Pounds per Million Standard Cubic Feet				
	PM	NMOC	CO	NO _x	SO ₂
Open Flare	8.50	10.55	155.0	34.0	7.67

Emission Factor Development

Notes:

PM 17 lb/10⁶ dscf methane per AP-42, section 2.4 (8/24)
 NMOC Based on 2,400 ppm per AP-42, section 2.4 (8/24), and 98% destruction eff
 CO Based on AP-42, Section 13.5 (02/2018)
 NO_x Based on AP-42, Section 13.5 (02/2018)
 SO₂ 46.9 ppm TRS concentration and 0% destruction efficiency, AP-42, section :
 VOC 39% of NMOC per AP-42, section 2.4 (11/98)
 Heat Value 500 Btu/scf

Open Flare

- based on AP-42, Section 13.5
 CO: 0.31 lb/MMBtu
 NO_x: 0.068 lb/MMBtu

LFG Data:

NMOC: 2400 ppm
 TRS: 46.9 ppm
 CH₄: 50.0% of total LFG
 VOC: 39.0% of NMOC
 DE (of NMOC) 98.0 %